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Earth Observation Laboratory
PhD Program in GeoInformation
DISP - Tor Vergata University

# TERRASAR-X IMAGING FOR UNSUPERVISED LAND COVER CLASSIFICATION AND FIRE MAPPING

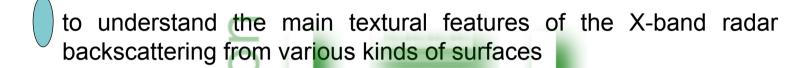
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#### Aims



to assess the potential of images acquired by X-band space borne radars:

case studies:

1 IN MAPPING FIRE SCARS

Greece



IN CLASSIFYING
SUBURBAN/AGRICULTURAL
LAND COVER

Verg Italy







#### Method

Novel <u>unsupervised</u> neural network algorithm: Textural Self-Organizing Map **TexSQM** <u> Textural object</u> **Shape object Radiometric** layers TexSOM Unsupervised Classification













## 1st Area and Data Description: Greece

polLayer>HH orbitDirection > DESCENDING lookDirection>RIGHT polarisationMode > SINGLE productType>MGD\_SE\_SM\_S projection > GROUNDRANGE

September



Region of Kalamata in the Peloponnese Peninsula, Greece, where extremely severe fires, which caused the death of at least **60 people**, burned hundreds of homes and compelled thousands of people to run away, had occurred just a few days before the satellite overpass

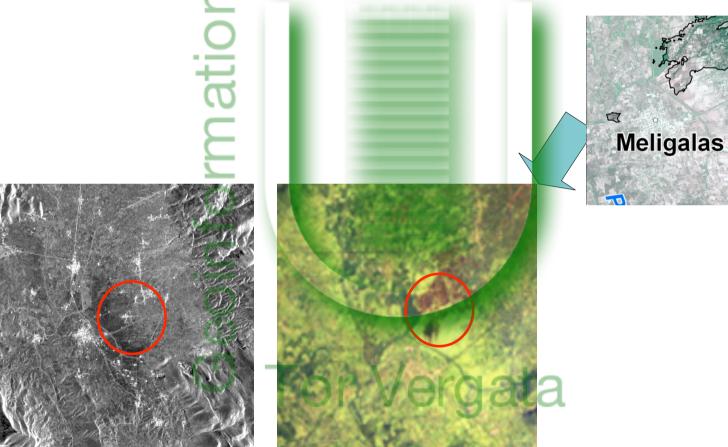




#### Fire Scars

The fire scars have first been identified with the help of Landsat images on ESA web site:

http://earth.esa.int/ew/fires/Greece\_Peloponnesus\_fires\_aug07/





Landsat TM





### TerraSAR X HH









Object layers computed from HH backscattering intensity image

1) Automatic Segmentation

2) Shape and Textural Features calculation and optimization

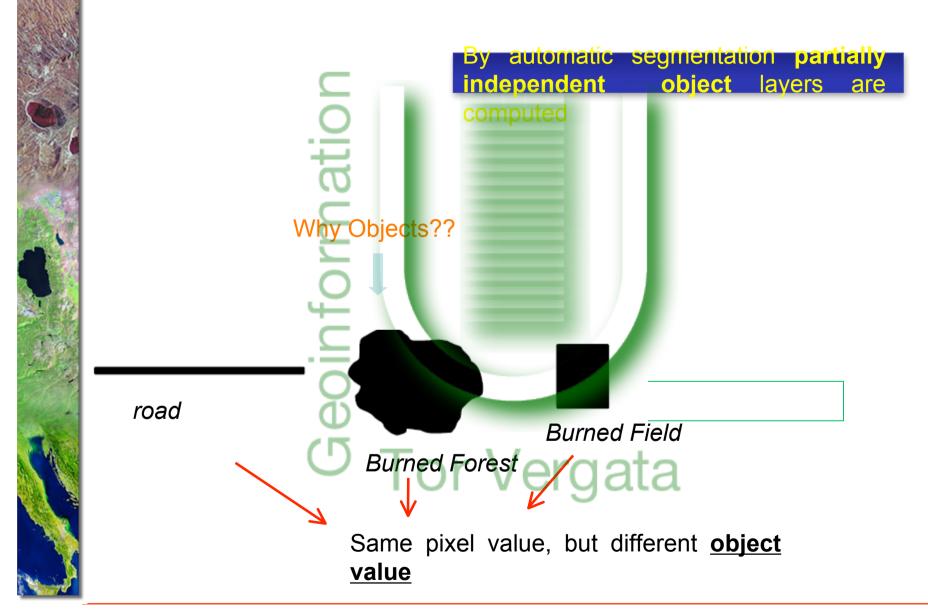
3) **SOM** Classification

<sup>O</sup> Tor Vergata





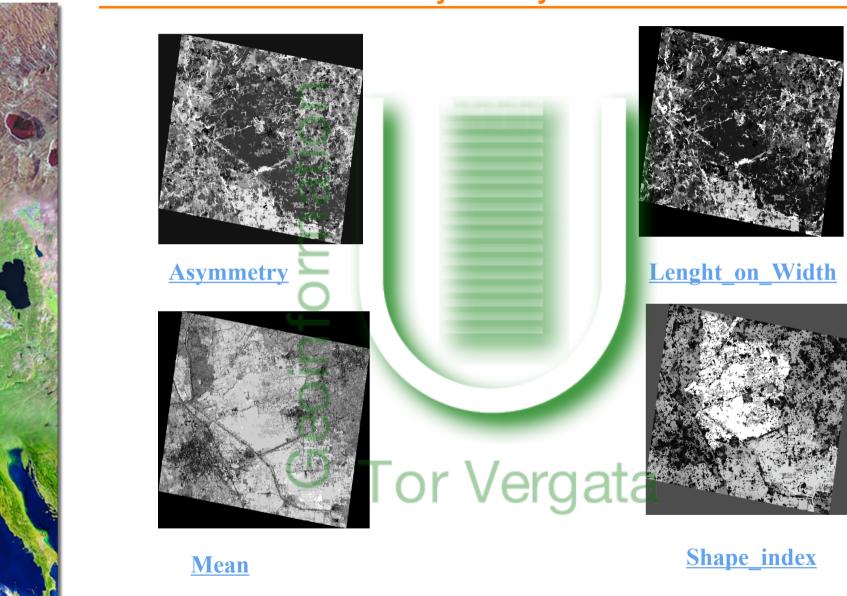
## **Automatic Segmentation**







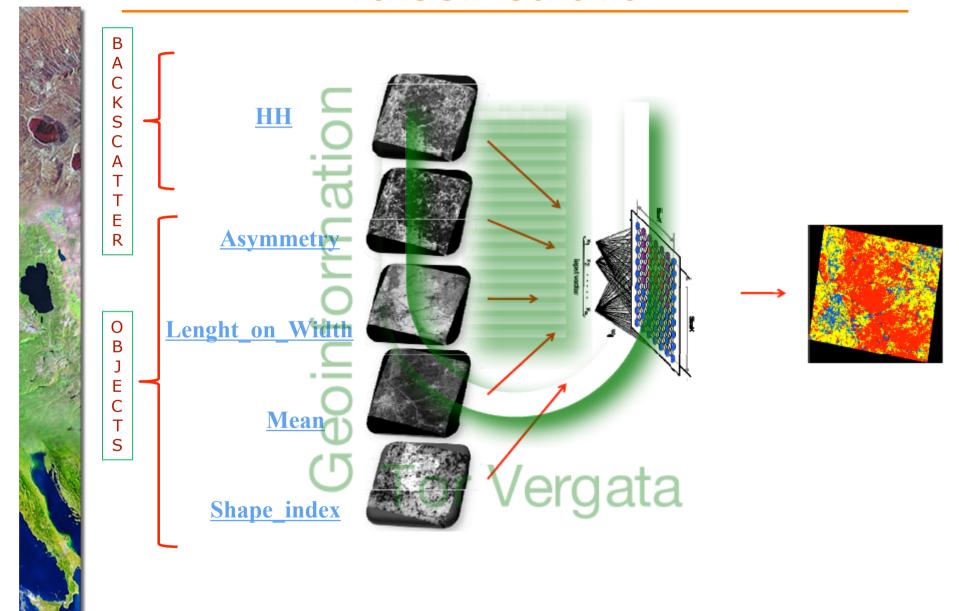
## **Object layers**







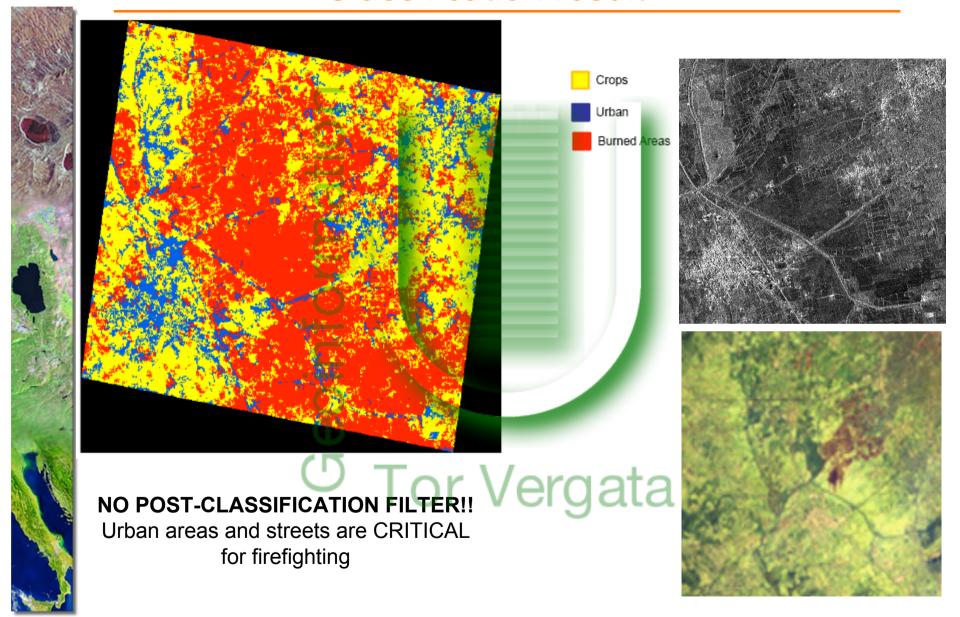
#### **TexSOM Scheme**







#### Classification result







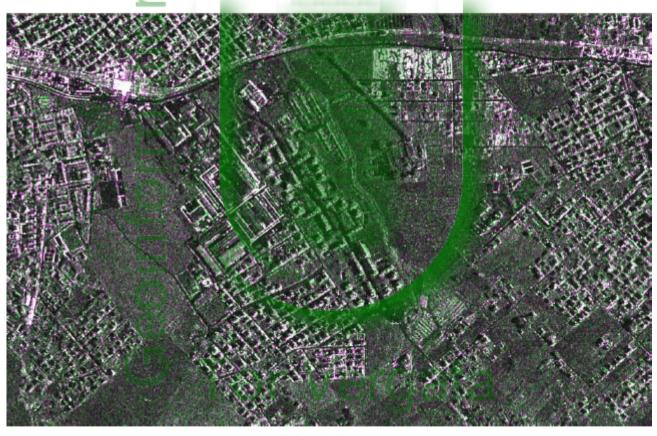






## 2<sup>st</sup> Area and Data Description: Italy

TexSOM classification applied to dual polarization TerraSAR-X acquisitions on the Tor Vergata, Rome, test site



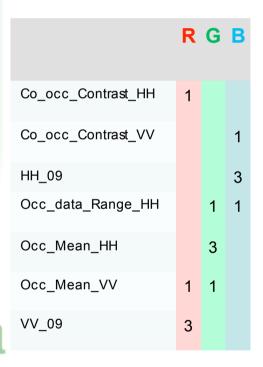
R,B= HH; G=VV





#### Textural, shape and raster layers combination



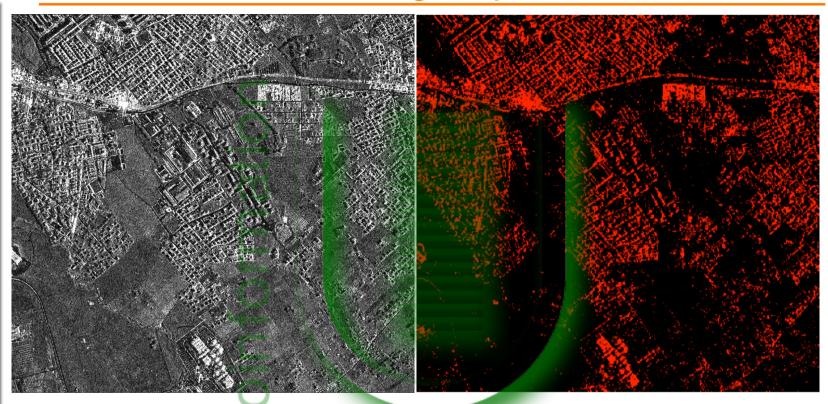


Textural layers derived from HH and VV images





## **Sealing Map**

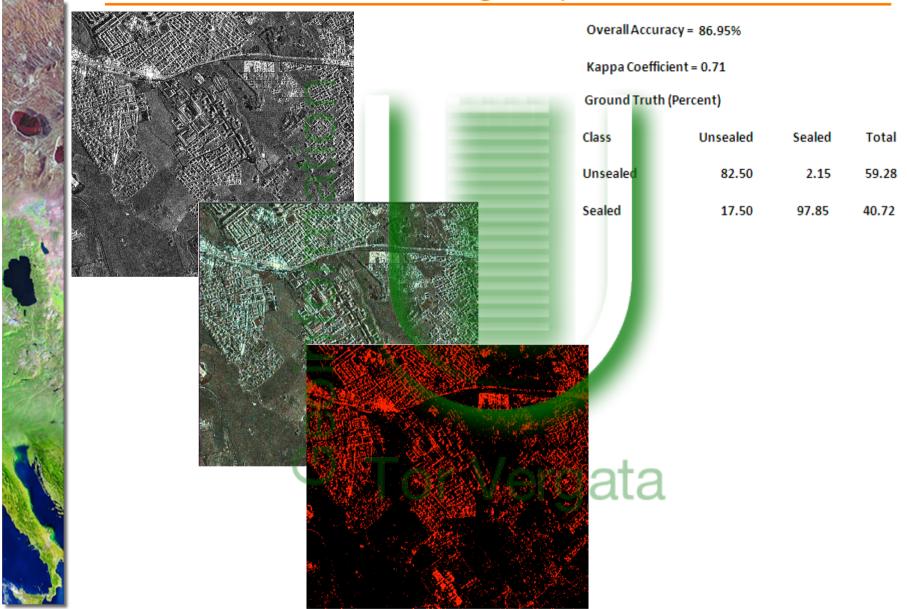


Sealing map generated by TexSOM





## **Sealing Map**







#### Conclusions





- TexSOM fed by texture layers provide fire scars and sealing maps.
- Both results are relevant to the management of a fire event. Distance of fire from urban areas and fire extension are important for planning firefighting.
- Smoke in the most active and changing burning areas limits the use of optical observations.
- The short revisit-time SAR constellations will offer the means of acquiring data vital for actions in severe fire emergencies.







